The Nebraska Diabetes Prevention and Control Program: Current Data and Trends

October 2, 2009 Kathy Goddard, RD, LMNT, CDE

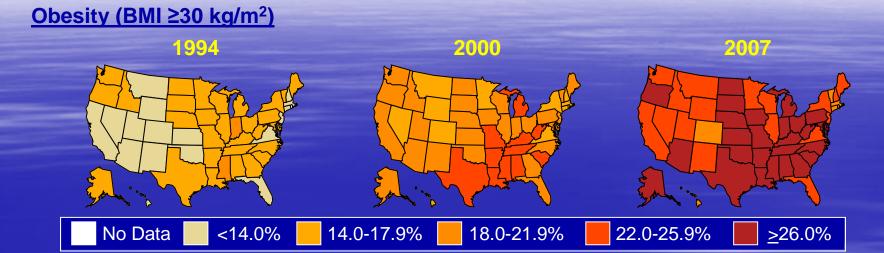
Nebraska Diabetes Prevention and Control Program

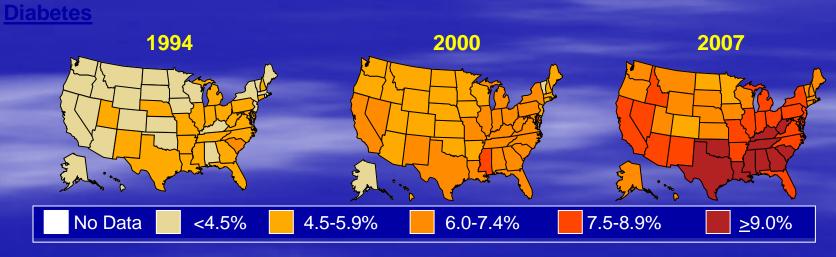
- Funded by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- CDC funds all 59 states and territories for Diabetes Prevention and Control
- Funding cannot be used for direct services and must focus on one intervention area
 - -Systems Changes (Nebraska focus)
 - Policy and Environment
 - Communications

Diabetes is Common and Costly

- More than 23.6 million Americans
- More than 17.9 million diagnosed with diabetes
- Almost 5.7 million people do not know they have diabetes.
- Cost: \$174 billion/year (direct and Indirect)
- 57 Million with pre-diabetes

Age-adjusted Percentage of U.S. Adults Who Were Obese or Who Had Diagnosed Diabetes









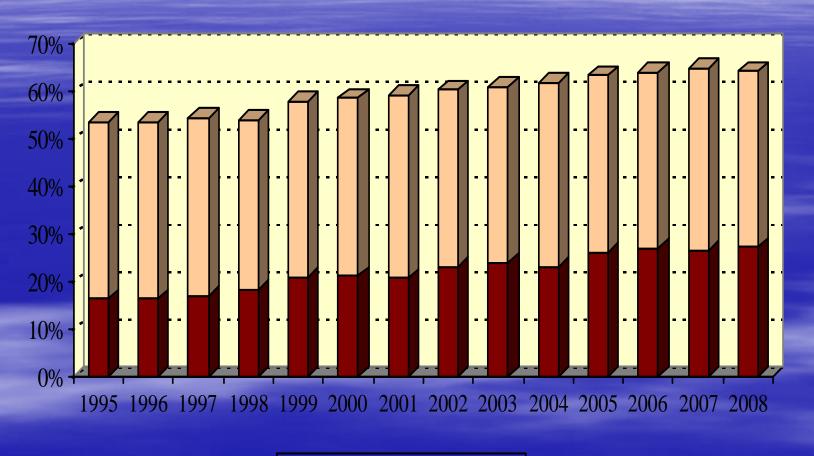
Diabetes in Nebraska 2008 BRFSS Data

- 103,000 Nebraska Adults (about 7.8%)
 - 2000: 60,000 diagnosed
 - 1990 50,000 diagnosed
- An additional 20% have not been diagnosed.
- 7th leading cause of death
- Occurs more often in minority populations
- Pre-diabetes over 63,000 diagnosed



Percentage of Nebraska Adults who are Obese or Overweight, 1995-2008

(Source: Nebraska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System)



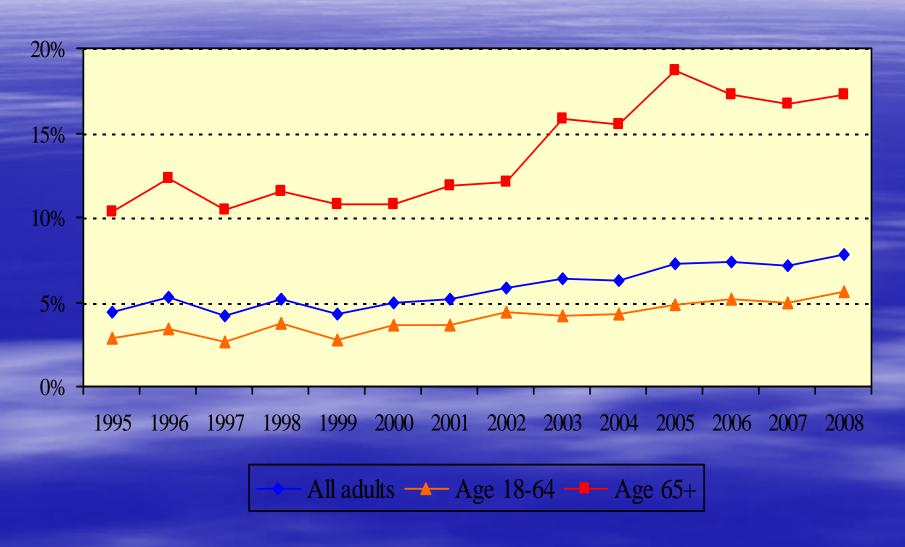


Childhood Obesity

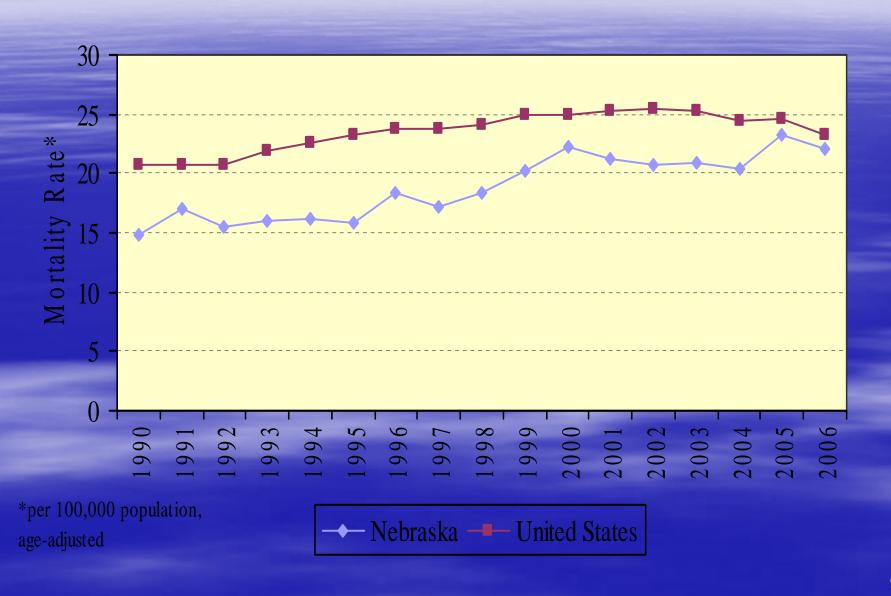
- Data NHANES survey(1976–1980) and (2003– 2006)
 - children aged 2–5 years, prevalence increased from 5.0% to 12.4%
 - 6-11 years, prevalence increased from 6.5% to 17.0%
 - 12-19 years, prevalence increased from 5.0% to 17.6%.
- Youth Risk Behavior Survey (Nebraska 2005) –
 24.7% high school students was either overweight or as risk for overweight.

Percentage of Nebraska Adults with Diagnosed Diabetes, 1995-2008

(Source: Nebraska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System)

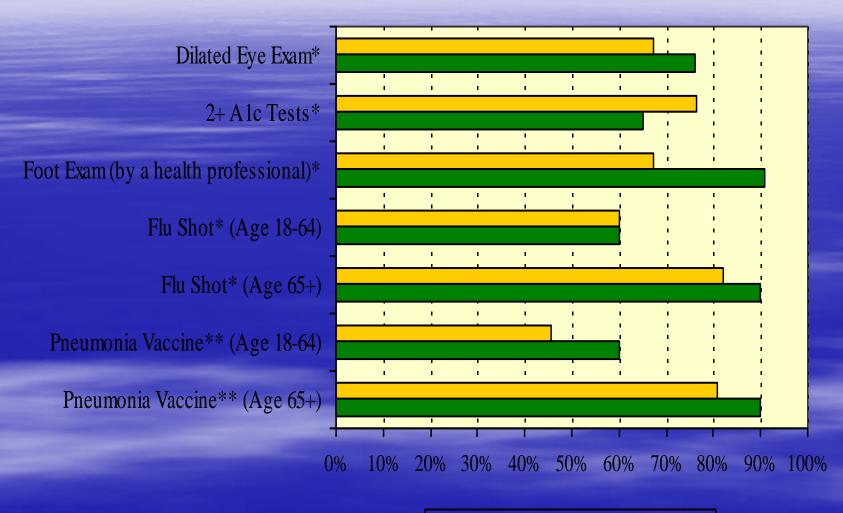


Diabetes Mortality in Nebraska and the United States, 1990-2006 (Source: Nebraska and U.S. vital statistics)



Percentage of Nebraska Adults with Diabetes Who Have Received Preventive Care Services (2008) and US Year 2010 Targets

(Source: Nebraska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System)



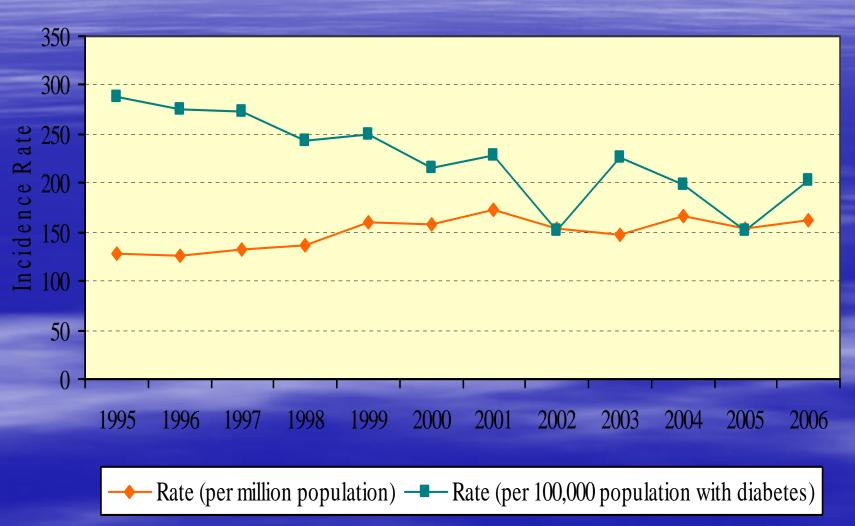
*had within past year

**ever had

□ 2010 US Target □ 2008 Nebraska

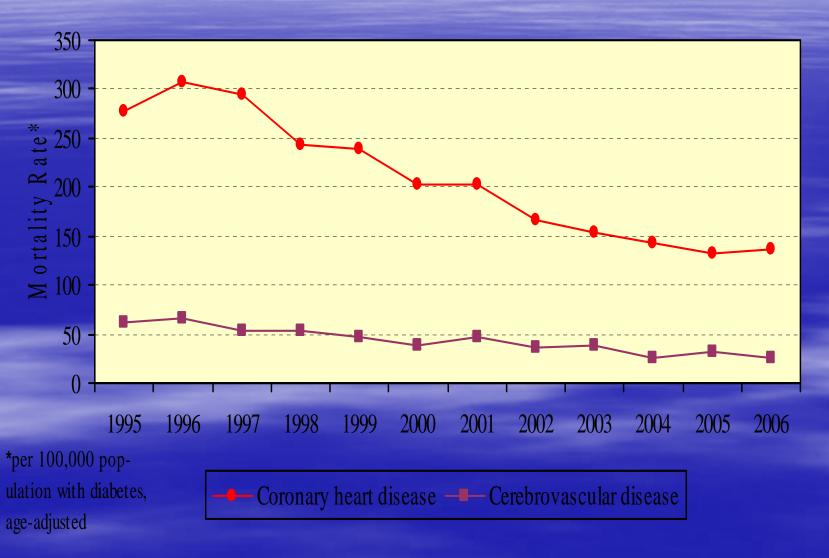
Incidence of Diabetes-Related End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) Among Nebraska Residents, 1995-2006

(Source: US Renal Data System)



Coronary Heart Disease and Cerebrovascular Disease Deaths in Nebraska Among People With Diabetes, 1994-2006

(Source: Nebraska vital statistics)



Nebraska BRFSS Data

- 67.3% adults with diabetes have high blood pressure
- 59.1% adults with diabetes have high cholesterol
- 44.9% adults with diabetes both high blood pressure and high cholesterol
- 13.3% adults with diabetes smoke cigarettes

More Nebraska BRFSS Data

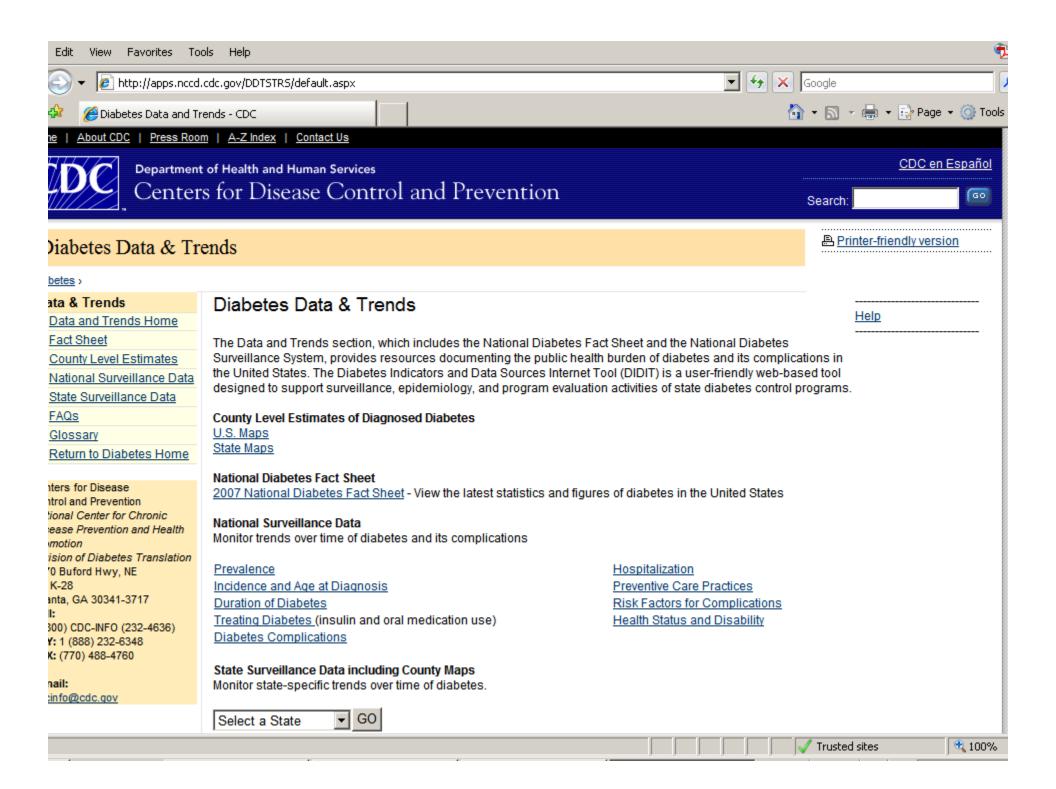
- More men with diabetes
- Diabetes is greatest among those with least education and lowest household income
- African American and Hispanics twice as likely to have diabetes
- Native Americans three times as likely to have diabetes, prevalence is more that one in four
- Gestational Diabetes has tripled in last decade

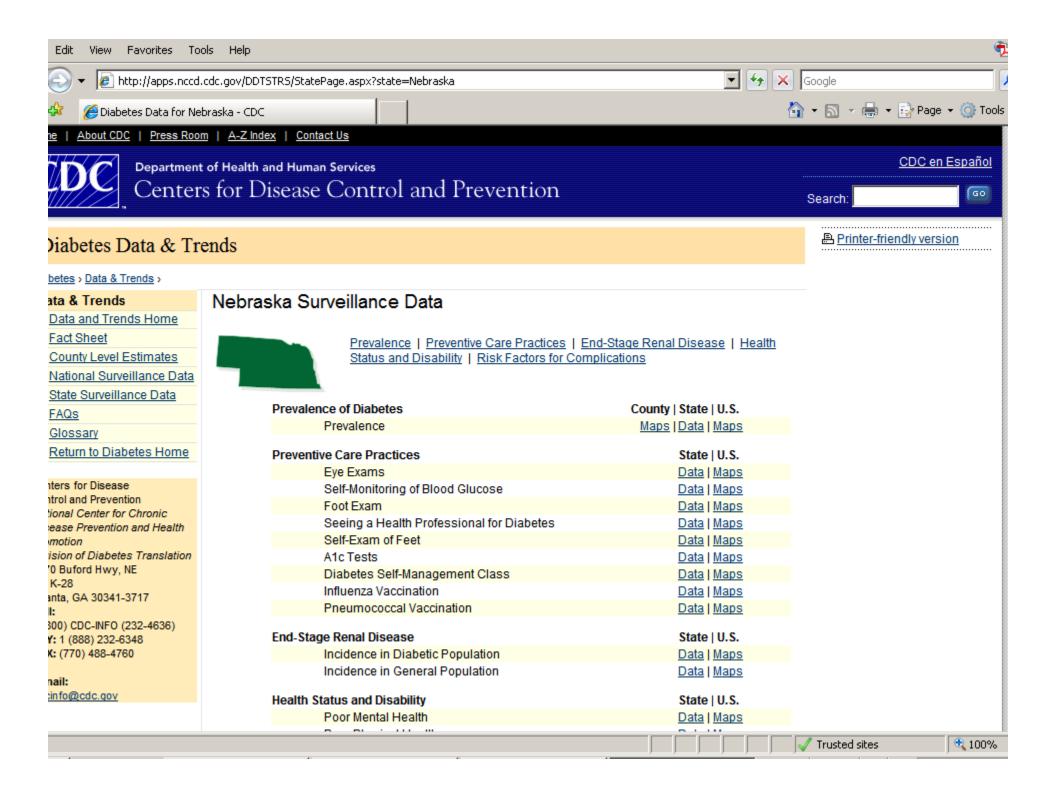
Nebraska Data: Hospitalizations

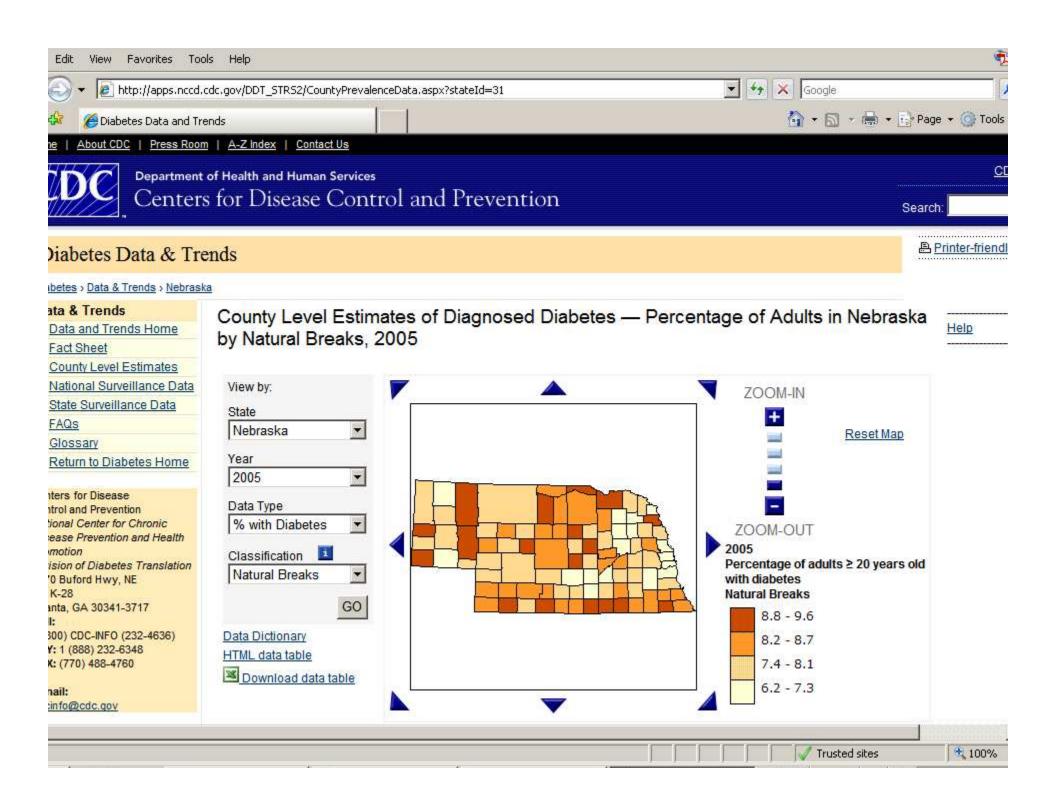
- During 2006 & 2007 57,346 (14.6%) listed diabetes as one discharge diagnosis
- Diabetes average length of stay 5.0 days compared to 4.2 days not-diabetes related
- Total length of diabetes related stay almost 290,000 days – Total Charge nearly 1.5 Billion
- Diabetes average charge over \$26,000 compared to about \$19,000 non-diabetes
- Nearly 1 in 4 (13,000) diabetes-related hospitalizations listed CVD

More Nebraska Data Hospitalizations

- DKA accounted for 1,031 diabetes related hospitalizations (2006 & 2007)
 - DKA 27.3% of hospitalizations when diabetes primary diagnosis
- Lower-extremity amputations 671 (2006 & 2007 excluded trauma)
 - Diabetes 60% of LEAs
 - People over 65 accounted for 52.3% of all diabetes related LEAs
 - Average charge for diabetes-related LEA \$42,992

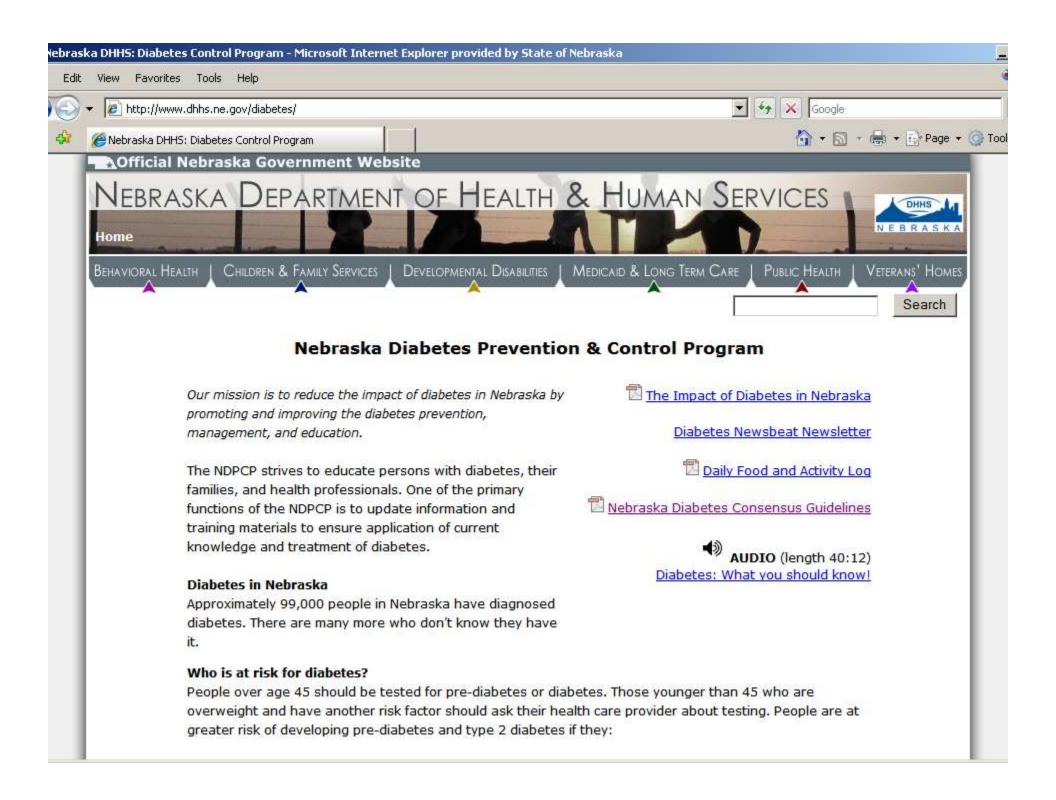






The Road to Health:

A Strategic Plan
For Diabetes Prevention and Control
In Nebraska
2009-2014



Diabetes Data Websites

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Division of Diabetes Translation
 - http://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/
- CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
 - http://www.cdc.gov/brfss/
- Nebraska Health and Human Services,
 Diabetes Prevention and Control Program
 - http://www.dhhs.ne.gov/diabetes/

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